# CADASTRAL MATERIAL IN SLOVENIA - SCANNING AND USAGE









## **Year 1999**

In our reading room about 500 users are using maps per year. Most frequently used maps are by use even each week more and more damaged. We had to decide how to prevent the originals.

Solution: reproduction

Problem: where to start, how ... .

The so called "graphic part" consists of cca. 60.000 maps. The best solution was to scan the original maps. However, in cases where the original maps were no longer in existence, the colored copies or any other copies of original were scanned(26.000).





## 2000 - 2002

#### **ARS**

- public call for tenders
- selection of external contractor,
- preparing archival material to move out of the ARS building (lack of appropriate premises, small number of ARS personnel for the project)

### **External contractor**

scanning and development of solution for reading room



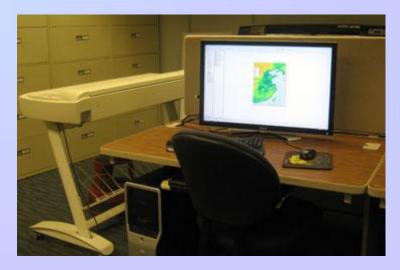


## **Scanning of Graphical part**

All maps were scanned on flatbed scanner with 16 million color depth and 200 dpi scanning resolution.

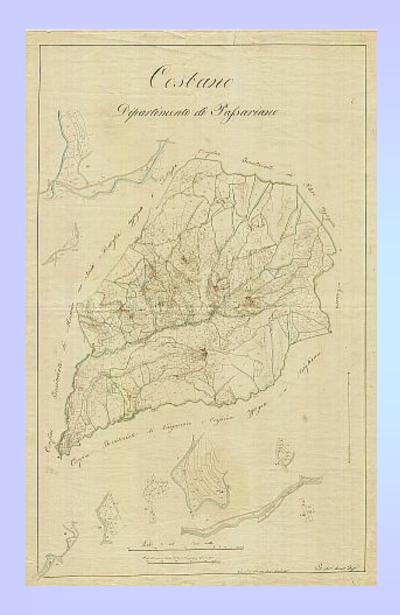
The original scanning format was tiff, and afterwards the scans were converted into jpeg from size approx. 70 MB to 3 MB. In year 2000 it was too expensive to keep the original files (estimation for the graphical part was more than 2.000 Gb). We have got 63 Gb with this compression and this was affordable to keep on server.













In previous presentation you have seen pictures of franciscean cadastre and reambulation, here we have the French one.





We have also approximately 2.000 small sketches from original folders

Size cca.: 15x15cm in different measures according to expanse of cadastral municipality

They are scanned for better and easier orientation.

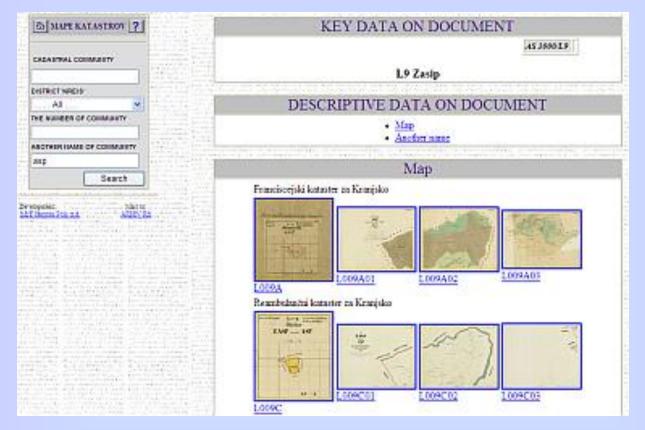






The scanned images of the Cadastre are additionally compressed for the Internet version and it can be viewed also in English at

http://sigov3.sigov.si/cgi-bin/htqlcgi/arhiv\_en/enos\_isk\_kat.htm

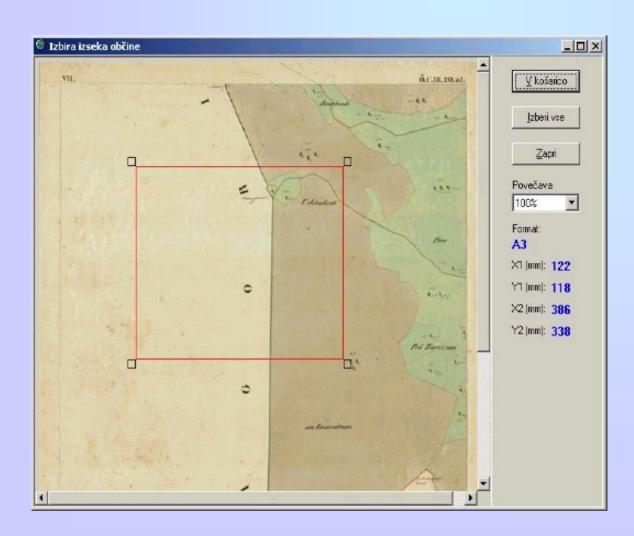


The web versions of images are not very suitable for printing and they can not be ordered by the application.





#### Usage of cadastral maps in reading room



- •"originals"
- simple search
- ordering
- selecting details for print
- •support from personel (legends, creation dates, related material)





## 2006 scanning of "written part"

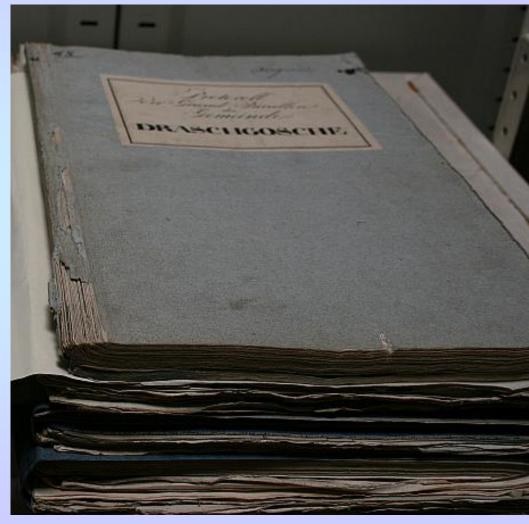
Cca. 500.000 sheets mostly black ink handwriting with red ink corrections

Size cca.: 24.5x37.3cm

Different bindings compose only a few or up to 370 pages.

Outsourcer scanned with Zeutshel book scanner (150dpi, 16 million colors) and made also PDF-A files (one book one file).

Compressibility was determined through tests, the aim of which was to achieve a print quality comparable to the original at the ratio of 1:1.







In 2007 the primary goal was achieved – the fond of Franziscean Cadastre, which constantly has a high frequency of use, finally got its reproduction and for that reason it will no longer be a subject of damage use. We also have a database with data on cadastral municipalities (or communities), kreises (districts), including numbers of municipalities and the secondary (another) names (the original is mostly in German, but the Slovene names are in several versions).

But neither local nor web solution have possibilities to add written part. In 2008 we decided to transfer all data on Cadastral material "to Oracle" using out of the box solutions scopeArchive and scopeQuery as for other data on archival material and scanning projects according to basic archival principles (fonds, sub-fonds, series). We plan to add the written part of the cadastre on web in the period of one year.

🖃 🔳 SI AS 177 🕒 Franciscejski kataster za Štajersko	1823-1869	zaključen	F
🖃 M Mariborska kresija			
🖃 🧼 M Franciscejski	zaključen		
🖃 🤍 SI AS 177/M/F/M1/p Amberg pri Cmureku, k.o.	zaključen		
🖃 🥎 protokoli	zaključen		
🧼 M001PR Opis meje katastrske občine	zaključen		
🧼 M001PS Zapisnik zemljiških parcel ka	zaključen		
🧼 največji največji	zaključen		
N228PT TIFF	v delu		
🗐 🥌 M2 Δραζε (Cmurek) k.o.	zakliučen		





We also deliver parts or entire collections to other (regional) archives and museums with agreements for reproduction limitations.

The entire graphical part was delivered also to The Cultural Heritage Information and Documentation Center for using in their GIS: http://giskds.situla.org/giskd/

(unfortunately it does not cover all maps yet)

Maps are georeferenced and connected to "source" with links for each map.



We recommend this solution to our users for material which is kept in Trieste and also when they do not know name of the cadastral community.

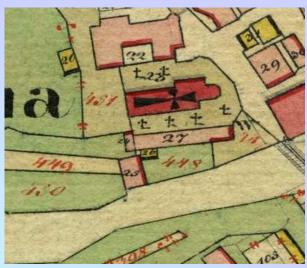




#### Our scans don't not allow a quality zooming

scan "200 dpi" from year 2000 new test scan 300 dpi





**Zooming to find number 26** 









## Additional data on our scanning methods

- Conference presentation by Mr. Marjan Dobernik (Impact Assessment of Digital Cultural Heritage Content and Services), held in Helsinki 12th October 2006 http://www.nba.fi/nrg/speakers.htm.
- Published articles, the author is also Marjan Dobernik with same title in Arhivi (publication of The Slovene Archival Association), Letnik XXV, št. 2, leto 2002, Reproduciranje franciscejskega katastra (Reproducing the cadastral register introduced by the Emperor Franz I. of Austria), and in the papers for DOK\_SIS 2004 (international symposium Document Management Systems).









